

Midterm Review / US 11

Early Colonial / US history:

1. Two early forms of representative government (there were a few of them) House of Burgs. & Magnhaver Compact
2. Line in the mountains that colonists couldn't cross due to a British law: Proclamation of 1763
3. Early war between Europeans over the Ohio River Valley
French and Indian War
4. Tax on newspapers, legal documents, playing cards:
Stamp Act
5. Philosopher that advocated "Life, Liberty, Property" Locke
6. System of trade to benefit the mother country: Merchan'tion
7. Famous case establishing freedom of the Press:
Peter Zenger
8. Term describing Great Britain allowing the 13 colonies to govern themselves peacefully: Salutary Neglect
9. Period in European history when Locke and Montesquieu created their ideas of self-government. Name the time period:
Enl. ghtenment
10. Official document that separated the colonies from Britain (July 4, celebrated with hamburgers and hotdogs every year):
Dec. of Independence
11. Pamphlet by Thomas Paine advocating for a separation from Great Britain: Common Sense

Constitution and Early Republic

1. Agreement that created House and Senate (bicameral legislative branch): Great Compromise
2. Agreement surrounding slavery and representation based upon slave populations: 3/5 Compromise
3. One check the senate has on the president confirm appt.
4. Name of the system where the states and federal government share power: Federalism
5. Two delegated (federal) powers based upon question 4 above
weee Declare War
Coin money

6. Two reserved (state) powers based upon question 4 above
Helmet Law
Seatbelt Law
7. Early political party strongly supportive of the US constitution:
Federalist
8. Early political party that demanded a bill of rights be added to the US Constitution: Anti-Federalist
9. Small town revolt that illustrated the Weaknesses of the Articles of Confederation: Shays Rebellion
10. One weakness of the Articles of Confederation (there were many):
Can not control interstate trade
11. Name of the law that helped organize new states and territory
Northwest Ordinance
12. Set of "papers" created to build support for a new Constitution
Federalist Papers
13. Political Parties and the President's cabinet are customs that are referred to as the Unwritten Constitution
14. Term that means "Rule by the People" ~~Democracy~~ Popular Sov.
15. First paragraph of the US Constitution that serves as an outline:
Preamble
16. Legal term that means "Fair Treatment" under the law, and is frequently used in modern times when discussing individual rights:
Due Process
17. Latin Term, translating that an individual cannot be held in prison or punished without being charged with a crime:
Habeas Corpus

Early Republic / Early Presidents:

1. Washington's group of advisors Cabinet
2. Washington warned to stay away from conflicts on what continent?
Farewell Address
3. A strict interpretation of the US Constitutions would have denied Thomas Jefferson from what massive land deal?
Louisiana Purchase
4. Early politician, 1st secretary of the treasury that sought to create a US national bank Alexander Hamilton
5. Warning for Europeans to stay out of the western hemisphere and stop colonizing: Monroe Doctrine

6. Early president that created the spoils system, signed the Indian Removal Act, and was considered a man of the people Andrew Jackson
7. Brief war between Britain and the US over trade disputes and kidnapping of sailors. Name the war War 1812
8. Famous court case that established "Judicial Review"
Marbury v. Madison
9. Supreme Court Justice that was influential in establishing early judicial power and supremacy of the federal government John Marshall
10. Invention that allowed for faster cotton processing and caused a need for more slaves Cotton Gin - Eli Whitney
11. Revolt in Pennsylvania based on an alcohol tax. It was effectively put down during Washington's Presidency. Name the event:
Whiskey Rebellion
12. President following Jackson that enforced the Indian Removal Act and waged the 2nd Seminole War: Van Buren -
13. Famous route of misery taken by Native Americans following the Indian Removal Act: Trail of Tears
14. Term to describe the belief that the United States should control North America coast to coast: Manifest Destiny
15. President that insisted all white men, regardless of land ownership, should be allowed to vote: Andrew Jackson
16. Prosperous and peaceful period of time during the Presidencies of Madison and Monroe: Era of Good Feeling
17. Economic crisis partially created by Jackson's personal dislike of Nicholas Biddle and the National bank: Bank War
18. Most aggressive US president to pursue Manifest Destiny, through negotiation and war: James K. Polk